

# **PENGARUH *CONTENT MARKETING*, PERSEPSI MANFAAT, PERSEPSI KEMUDAHAN PENGGUNAAN, DAN PROMOSI PENJUALAN TERHADAP MINAT BELI KONSUMEN MELALUI APLIKASI LAYANAN PESAN ANTAR MAKANAN (GO-FOOD DAN GRAB FOOD)**

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## **Abstrak**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh *Content Marketing* ( $X_1$ ), Persepsi Manfaat ( $X_2$ ), Persepsi Kemudahan Penggunaan ( $X_3$ ), Promosi Penjualan ( $X_4$ ) terhadap Minat Beli Konsumen (Y) Melalui Aplikasi Layanan Pesan Antar Makanan (Go-Food dan Grab Food). Metode pengambilan sampel dengan menggunakan *Purposive Sampling* yaitu teknik penentuan sampel berdasarkan pertimbangan khusus. Sampel dalam penelitian ini berjumlah 194 responden yang terdiri dari 97 responden Go-Food dan 97 responden Grab Food pada masyarakat DIY yang pernah membeli makanan melalui Go-Food atau Grab Food. Berdasarkan uji t pada variabel *Content Marketing*, diperoleh t hitung sebesar  $2,684 > t$  tabel (1,97253) dengan tingkat signifikansi  $0,008 < 0,05$ , maka *Content Marketing* berpengaruh secara signifikan dan positif terhadap minat beli. Berdasarkan uji t pada variabel Persepsi Manfaat, diperoleh t hitung sebesar  $2,774 > t$  tabel (1,97253) dengan tingkat signifikansi  $0,006 < 0,05$ , maka Persepsi Manfaat berpengaruh secara signifikan dan positif terhadap minat beli. Berdasarkan uji t pada variabel Persepsi Kemudahan Penggunaan, diperoleh t hitung sebesar  $3,543 > t$  tabel (1,97253) dengan tingkat signifikansi  $0,000 < 0,05$ , maka Persepsi Kemudahan Penggunaan berpengaruh secara signifikan dan positif terhadap minat beli. Berdasarkan uji t pada variabel Promosi Penjualan, diperoleh t hitung sebesar  $3,469 > t$  tabel (1,97253) dengan tingkat signifikansi  $0,001 < 0,05$ , maka Promosi Penjualan berpengaruh secara signifikan dan positif terhadap minat beli.

**Kata Kunci:** *Content Marketing, Persepsi Manfaat, Persepsi Kemudahan Penggunaan, Promosi Penjualan, Minat Beli, Go-Food dan Grab Food*

**THE INFLUENCE OF CONTENT MARKETING, PERCEIVED  
USEFULNESS, PERCEIVED EASE OF USE, AND SALES PROMOTION  
ON CONSUMER PURCHASE INTEREST THROUGH GO-FOOD AND  
GRAB FOOD APPLICATION**

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**Abstract**

*This study aimed to determine the effect of Content Marketing ( $X_1$ ), Perceived Usefulness( $X_2$ ), Perceived Ease of Use ( $X_3$ ), Sales Promotion ( $X_4$ ) on Consumer Purchase Interest ( $Y$ ) through the Application of Food Service (Go-Food and Grab Food). Purposive sampling was used as a sampling technique based on certain criteria. The samples were 194 respondents consisting of 97 Go-Food respondents and 97 Grab Food respondents in the DIY community who had bought food through Go-Food or Grab Food. T-test on the Content Marketing variable obtained t count of  $2.684 > t$  table (1.97253) with a significance level of  $0.008 < 0.05$ , proved that Content Marketing had a significant and positive effect on purchase interest. T-test on the Perceived Usefulness variable, obtained t count of  $2.774 > t$  table (1.97253) with a significance level of  $0.006 < 0.05$ , proved that the Perceived Usefulness significantly and positively influences purchase interest. T-test on the Perceived Ease of Use variable, t count was obtained  $3.543 > t$  table (1.97253) with a significance level of  $0.000 < 0.05$ , proved that Perceived Ease of Use significantly and positively influenced purchase interest. T-test on the variable Sales Promotion obtained t count of  $3.469 > t$  table (1.97253) with a significance level of  $0.001 < 0.05$ , the Sales Promotion had a significant and positive effect on purchase interest.*

**Keywords:** Content Marketing, Perceived Usefulness, Perceived Ease of Use, Sales Promotion, Purchase Interest, Go-Food and Grab Food